

Indicators on the go...

Monitoring progress towards durable solutions for displacement: Lessons learnt from Colombia

Geong Conference

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1. Problem statement

Monitoring progress towards durable solutions in an internal displacement context?

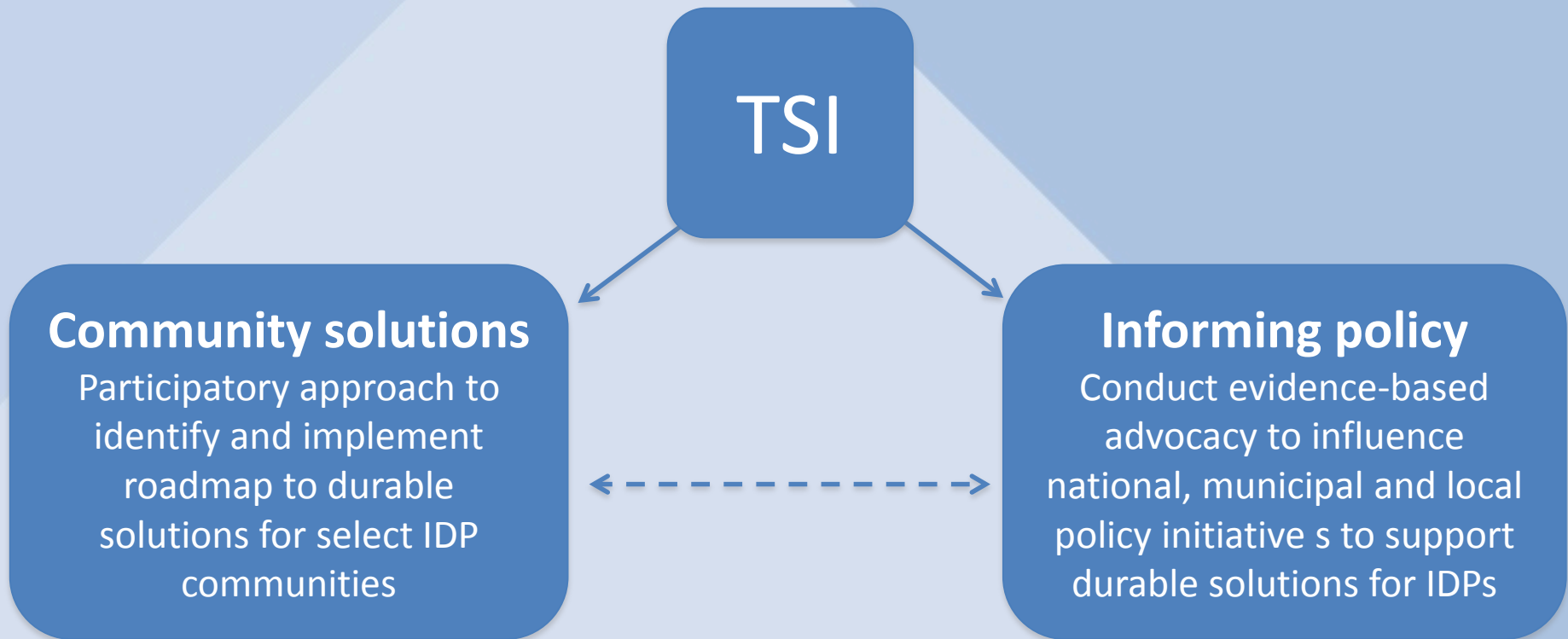
- Conceptual challenge – complex phenomena
- Multiple actors inherently involved
- Potentially slow changes over time

How to develop indicators and implement M&E of durable solutions?

- A closer look at the experience of Colombia

2. TSI in Colombia and JIPS support

What is the TSI? – Joint UNHCR and UNDP programme



Transitional solutions on the way to durable solutions

2. TSI in Colombia and JIPS support

Overview

- JIPS request from UNHCR/UNDP to support design of M&E system
 - *Indicator harmonization and baseline*
 - *M&E implementation process*

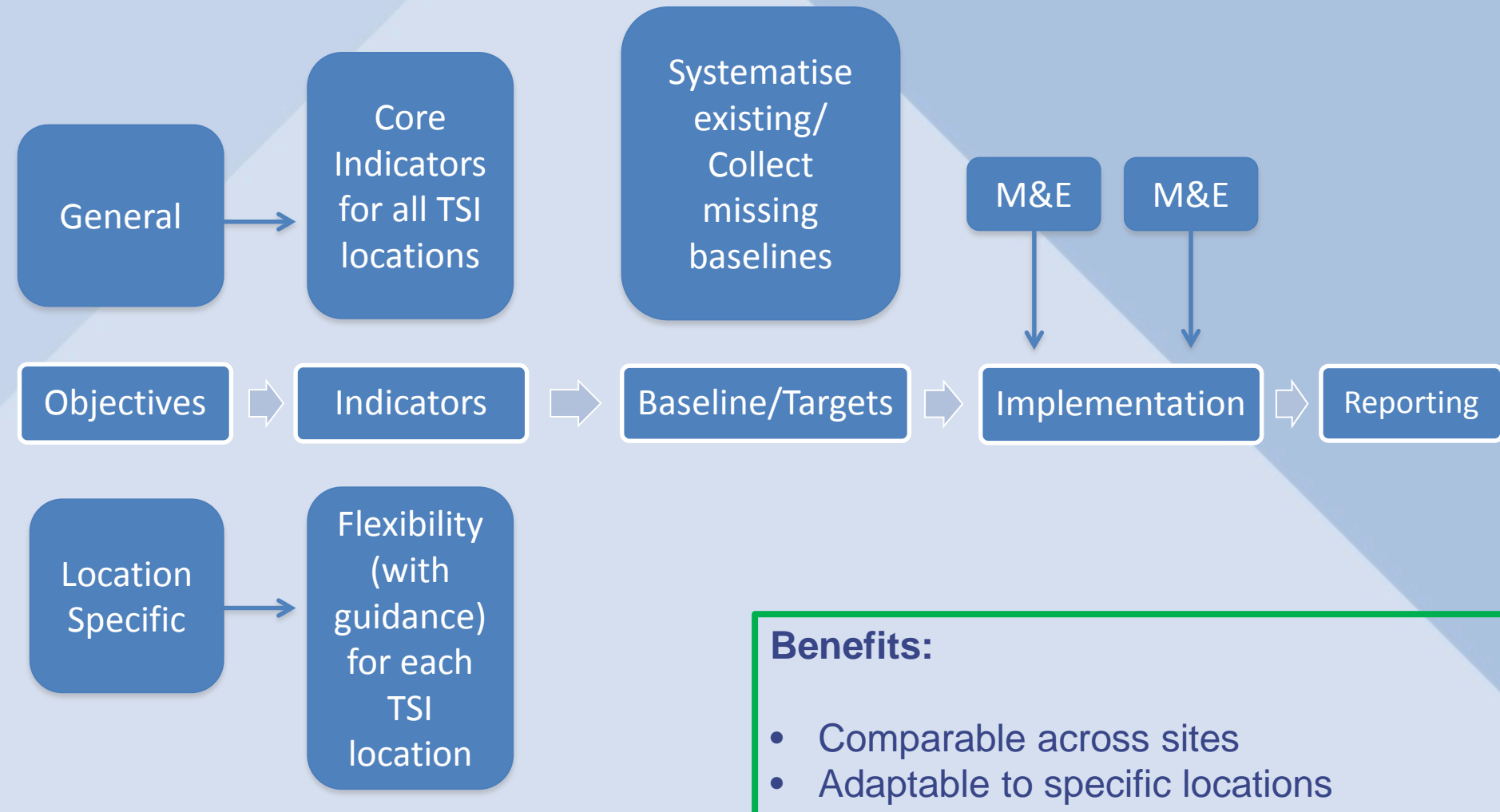
Initial challenges

- Inherent difficulty in monitoring 'progress towards solutions': Cross-cutting and multi-sectoral
- Transitional solutions v/s durable solutions
- Interagency project: different reporting requirements, language, approaches etc.
- TSI 'logic': Comparability v/s specificity and community shaped solutions to inform policy



3. TSI M&E: Key features and lessons learnt

The process



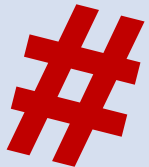
3. TSI M&E: Key features and lessons learnt

The indicators

- Multi-level thematic approach
 - *Community level: TSI objectives and plans of action as basis*
 - *National level: Gvt. Returns & Relocation plans*
 - *International level: IASC framework for Durable Solutions for IDPs*
- Multi-level monitoring approach: complementary indicator types for better analysis:
 - *Activities implementation (performance)*
 - *Institutional / policy impact (outcome)*
 - *Community / household / individual impact*



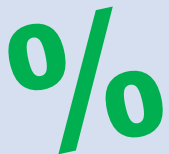
Yes/No



3. TSI M&E: Key features and lessons learnt

The indicators

- Agreed upon core set of indicators
 - *Review of existing sources: UNDP and UNHCR results framework; Donors reporting indicators; Government indicators for IDPs; IASC Framework for Durable Solutions; others*
 - *Workshops to facilitate agreement on indicator 'battery'*
- Manageable disaggregation
 - *Age and gender ONLY where relevant, possible and realistic*
- Timing and methods
 - *Impact level needed for comprehensive evaluation, but programs effects can be limited due to timeframes*
 - *Multiple data collection methods determined*



Yes/No

3. TSI M&E: Key features and lessons learnt

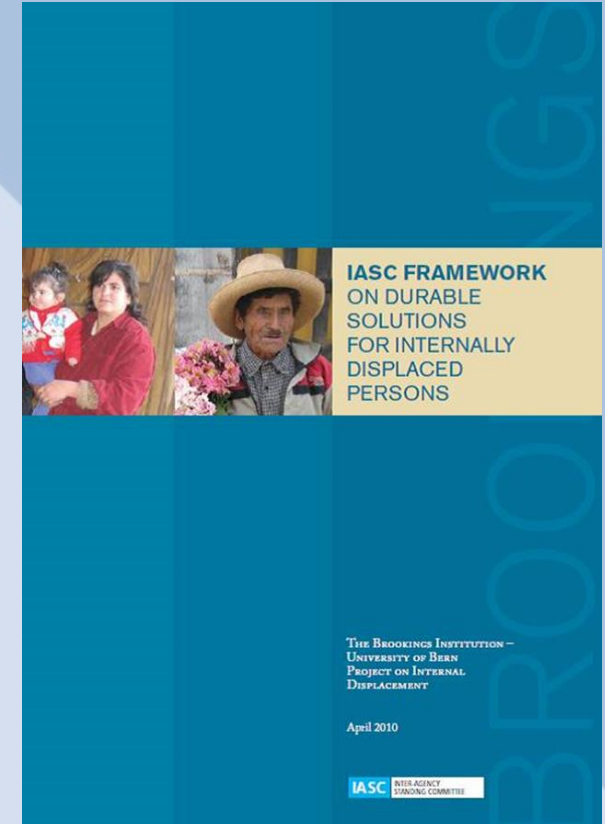
Example

TSI obj	TSI output	IASC Fram for DS	Type	Specification
Improve quality of life	Land	Effective and Accessible Mechan to Restore HLP	<i>Output / Performance</i>	<i>Adequate study on land ownership and use (Ret/Reloc) or study on legalization/regularization modalities for the neighbourhood (Local Integ) conducted (Yes/No)</i>
			<i>Outcome / Impact (Inst Level)</i>	<i>Legal recognition for individual/collective land ownership (Ret/Reloc) or formal institutional agreement to undertake legalization /regularization of the neighbourhood (Local Integ) (Yes/No)</i>
			<i>Impact (Comm / Househ)</i>	<i>Households living in conditions of legal security of tenure (Ret/Reloc) or live in a legalized site (Local Integ) (%)</i>

4. Future areas of work

Tools and guidance

- Internationally-agreed comprehensive tools for solutions assessment?
 - *Project conceptualization led by Special Rapporteur, UNHCR, DRC, JIPS and others*
 - *IASC Framework for Durable Solutions as starting point*
- Guidance on data collection methodologies for monitoring durable solutions?
 - *Baseline vs impact / progress*
 - *Panel surveys?*



Thank you!

www.jips.org

<http://www.jips.org/en/field-support/country-operations/colombia/Colombia-transitional-solutions>

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